

**LORD IS BORN MARQUIS BECOMES**

Lynette Speller

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### **William Petty, 2nd Earl of Shelburne - Wikipedia**

Born into an aristocratic family, Lord Salisbury was a descendent of Lord Burghley, and reluctantly became prime minister of a minority administration in

### **James Graham, 1st Marquess of Montrose - Wikipedia**

William Petty, 1st Marquess of Lansdowne, KG, PC (2 May - 7 May ), known as The Earl of Shelburne between and , by which title he is generally known to history, was an Irish-born British Whig statesman who was the first Home Secretary Lord Shelburne was born in Dublin in and spent his formative years in.

### **William Petty, 2nd Earl of Shelburne - Wikipedia**

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### **Gilbert du Motier, Marquis de Lafayette - Wikipedia**

Charles Cornwallis, 1st Marquess Cornwallis KG, PC (31 December - 5 October ), In he was appointed Lord Lieutenant and Commander-in- chief of Ireland, Cornwallis was born in Grosvenor Square in London, though his family's estates were in Kent. .. His son Charles became the 2nd Marquess.

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Before the meeting, as a member of the "Committee of Thirty", Lafayette agitated for voting by head, rather than estate. Lafayette wanted to believe it, and pretended to comply with the order to report to Marseilles, going only a few miles east before turning around and returning to his ship.

In September when Lafayette returned to Paris, he returned to Paris and received the news that the Duke of Wellington had defeated Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo. In Salisbury and the Liberal Sir Charles Dilke dominated discussions as they had both closely studied in detail the effects of reform on the constituencies. Salisbury said in The Times that "the employment of mobs as an instrument of public policy is likely to prove a sinister precedent". As Lafayette hoped, la Luzerne sent his letter on to France with a recommendation of massive French aid, which, after being approved by the king, would play a crucial part in Lord Cornwallis's battles to come.

He was absent from England for almost two years. With the arrival of the French fleet under the Comte de Grasse and General Washington's combined French-American army, Cornwallis found himself cut off.